Utah Scientific



A Look At The Transition From SDI To IP

"Through The Looking Glass"

Tom Harmon President & CEO

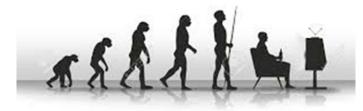
"Through The Looking Glass"

- Everything was backwards
- But only to Alice
- Things were normal to everyone on the other side
- SDI is right, IP is wrong or is IP right, and SDI is wrong
- Depends on the side you come from



Television evolves

- Black & White to Color (NTSC/PAL)
- Analog to Digital (SDI, SMPTE 259)
- SD-SDI to HD-SDI (SMPTE 292M)
- HD/3G-SDI to UHD
- SDI to IP



SDI vs. IP

- SDI = Coax
 - 3G/6G/12G/24G shows the maturation of the SMPTE SDI standards.
 - Advantage leverages existing SDI technologies
 - Disadvantage nearing the end of practical bandwidth



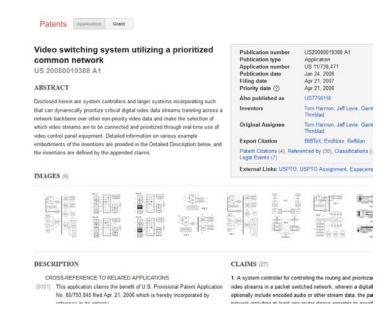
- IP = Fiber
 - 10 Gb to 400 Gb Ethernet topologies
 - Advantage Uses COTS (Commercial-Off-The-Shelf) Enterprise IT equipment
 - Disadvantage Currently more expensive but will rapidly decline

We are at a cross road



UTAH-400 IP

- Utah Scientific received patent for switching IP in real-time nearly 10 years ago
- Little interest in 2007 about uncompressed IP
- Gigabit switch ports limited bandwidth
- Utah Scientific manufactured the IP switch from available silicon



IP = The Future topology

- Most agree that IP is the next step
- IP isn't exactly a perfect match to Studio Video
- Rather complicated compared to SDI
- Studio Video over IP is Ethernet
- IT MUST BE INTEROPERABLE





AIMS

- Alliance for IP Media Solutions
- Formed December 2015
- Support for implementation of TR-03
- Foster adoption of TR-03 (SMPTE 2110)

Interoperability drives the move to IP

AIMS leads the way.

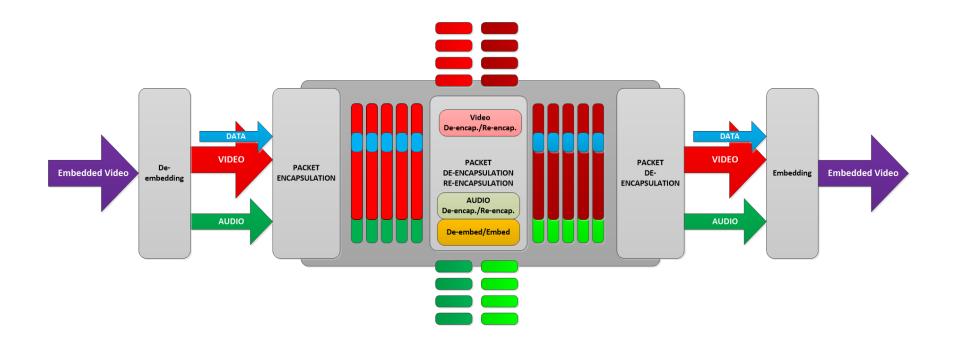




SMPTE 2022-6

- Direct encapsulation of Embedded SDI
- Works with Commercial Off-the-Shelf (COTS)
 Ethernet switches
- SDI Synchronization captured in the stream

SMPTE 2022-6

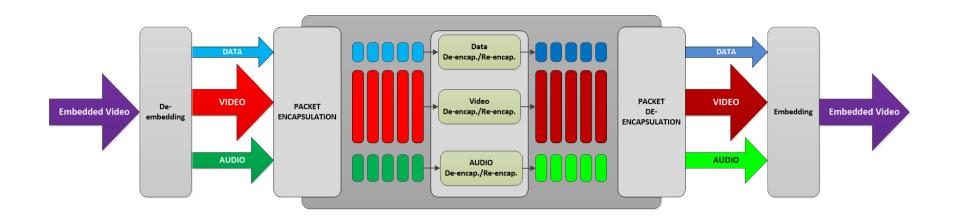




SMPTE 2110

- SMPTE 32NF60 Draft Group began April 2016
- Uses TR-03 as the template for <u>SMPTE 2110</u>
- AIMS supports the 2110 Draft Group
- SMPTE 2110 core becomes standard
- NAB "IP Showcase" demonstrated 2110 interoperability

TR-03 (SMPTE 2110)



The Pillars of SMPTE 2110



- 2110-10 System Timing
- 2110-20 Video
- 2110-30 Audio
- 2110-40 Data
- 2110-50 TR-04 (2022-6 video + 2110 audio + PTP)



2022-6 vs. 2110

- 2022-6 uncompressed may support long-haul needs
 - Inter-Facility uses that may require FEC and hitless options
 - Similar to ASI for containing all the program elements in one address
- 2110 supports Studio needs
 - Intra-Facility uses that require separation of video, audio and data
 - More like separate AES Audio and HD-SDI Video with separate VANC
 - Separate IP addresses for each essence
 - Audio
 - Video
 - Data



How many coax connections?

- Do you have in your facility?
- How many full bandwidth uncompressed IP streams?
- All coax connections need a complimentary IP device before we can fully transition

IP + SDI = Hybrid Environments

SDI

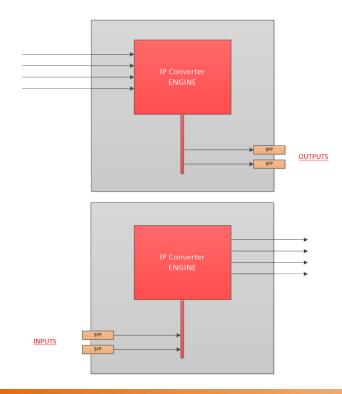
- The migration from SDI to IP will not be sudden
- SDI and IP will work together for years
- Hybrid Islands will appear
- Utah Scientific endeavors to lead the way



External Conversion

- SDI inputs converted to IP outputs
- IP inputs converted to SDI outputs
- Flexible signal selection
- Modular architecture

SDI to IP / IP to SDI



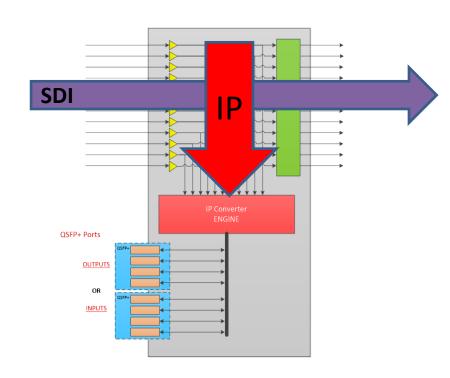
Internal Conversion

- Router based Conversion (12 3G signals /card)
- Replace input or output cards with new cards that supply IP conversion <u>and</u> allow SDI to pass-through
- 40Gbe QSFP+ Connections allow maximum conversion
- MAINTAIN all current 3G/HD router inputs and outputs



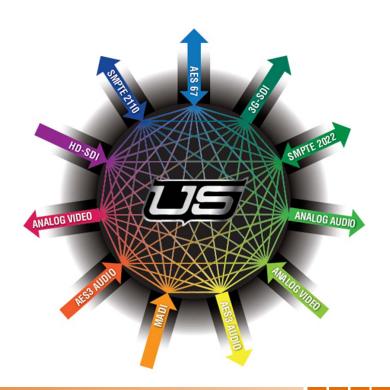
New Utah Scientific 'Pass-Through' I/O card

- SDI passes just like normal I/O cards
- Signal is SPLIT
 - Split 1 goes to SDI
 - Split 2 goes to IP
- QSFP allows 40 Gb/s ports
- SDI + IP <u>inside</u> the router



Hybrid Applications

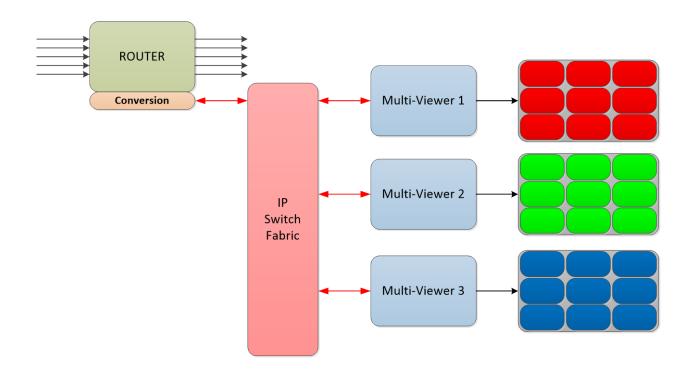
- Multi-Viewing
- SDI-IP Tie Lines
- Long Haul, Compression,Tie Lines



IP Monitoring

- Low Latency the key for Live Production monitoring
- IP becomes a 'pool' of source signals
- Relieves congested SDI router outputs
- Low risk 'sandbox'

Multi-View Monitoring Application

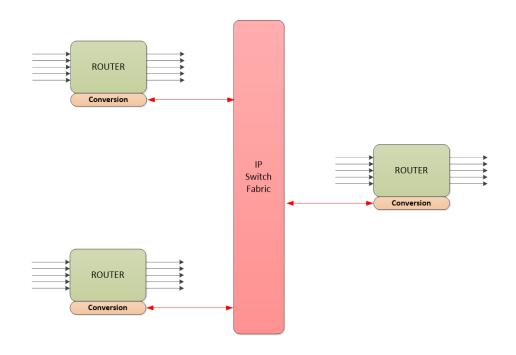




IP Tie-Lines

- Tie-Lines can bridge between multiple SDI routing platforms
- IP becomes the means to large aggregation sources
- Allows smaller SDI routing cores

Tie-Line Application

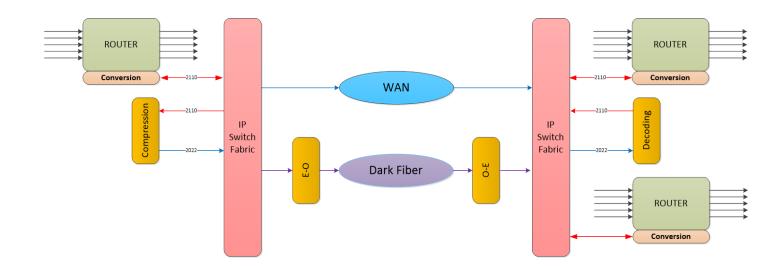


IP Compressed/Uncompressed + SDI

- Long Haul may use IP
 - Uncompressed 2110 or 2022-7 hitless
 - Compressed using 2022-2
- Ability to switch IP formats
- Convert to and from SDI
- Hybrid will most likely dictate the next decade



Tie Lines and Long Haul Applications



Utah Scientific



Thank You!

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